



ENGLISH

American Battle Monuments Commission

This agency of the United States government operates and maintains 26 American cemeteries and 30 memorials, monuments and markers in 17 countries. The Commission works to fulfill the vision of its first chairman, General of the Armies John J. Pershing. Pershing, commander of the American Expeditionary Forces during World War I, promised that "time will not dim the glory of their deeds."

Kemmel Monument

gps N50 47.870 E2 50.942

Audenarde Monument

gps N50 50.798 E3 36.142



The Kemmel Monument is 1.3 miles northeast of Kemmel on the west side of highway N331.

The Audenarde Monument is in a park at General Pershingstraat in the center of Audenarde.



American Battle Monuments Commission

2300 Clarendon Boulevard
Suite 500
Arlington, VA 22201
USA

Flanders Field American Cemetery and Memorial

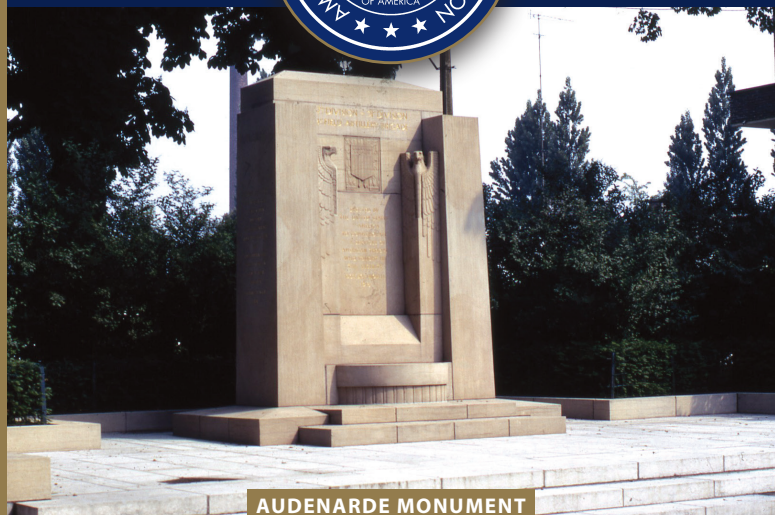
Wortegemseweg 117, B-8790 Waregem, Belgium
tel 0032 56 60.11.22
email flanders-field@abmc.gov
gps N50 52.424 E3 27.218

For more information on this site and other
ABMC commemorative sites, please visit
www.abmc.gov

January 2019

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

Audenarde Monument & Kemmel Monument



AUDENARDE MONUMENT



KEMMEL MONUMENT

'Time will not dim the glory of their deeds.'

- General of the Armies John J. Pershing

Kemmel Monument

The inscription on the Kemmel Monument reads:

**ERECTED BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO
COMMEMORATE THE SERVICES OF AMERICAN TROOPS WHO
FOUGHT IN THIS VICINITY AUGUST 18–SEPTEMBER 4, 1918**

The 27th and 30th Divisions are honored at this monument. They served with the British Army from their arrival in Europe in May 1918. Their participation in the Ypres-Lys Offensive began when the 30th Division took positions on the frontlines on August 18, and the 27th Division took positions on August 23.

The Allied advance began on August 31. Both divisions met determined German resistance. They moved forward slowly. That afternoon, the 27th Division reached the area where the Kemmel Monument stands.

They advanced against German forces on September 1 and 2. The 27th Division was relieved on September 3, and the 30th the next day.

Both divisions moved south to the region near St. Quentin. Soon they fought in the Somme Offensive, September 23-30.



Photo: ABMC

A visitor placed a poppy at the carving of a helmet resting upon a wreath.

Audenarde Monument

The inscription on the Audenarde Monument reads:

**ERECTED BY THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO
COMMEMORATE THE SERVICES OF AMERICAN TROOPS
WHO FOUGHT IN THIS VICINITY OCT. 30–NOV. 11, 1918**

The 37th and 91st Divisions are the units honored at this monument. In mid-October 1918, they joined the Group of the Armies of Flanders, commanded by Albert I, King of the Belgians.

Both divisions participated in the offensive from near Waregem toward the Scheldt River, beginning October 31.

The 37th Division reached the Scheldt River on November 1 and crossed on November 2. The 91st Division entered Audenarde on November 2 and 3.

Both divisions were relieved by November 5. They resumed action in the front line on November 10, and were east of Audenarde when the Armistice became effective on November 11.

American casualties from fighting in this region are interred at the Flanders Field American Cemetery in Waregem.

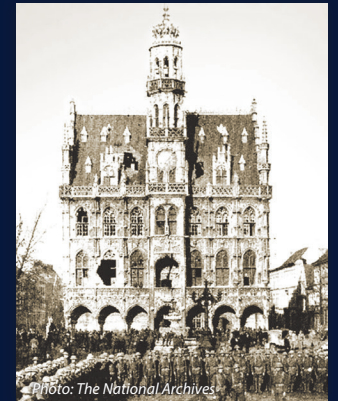


Photo: The National Archives

91st Division soldiers assemble at the Town Hall (Hotel de Ville), Audenarde. November 12, 1918.



Belgian refugees walking toward Waregem, returning to areas liberated by American units. November 2, 1918.



Soldiers of the 316th Engineers build a pontoon bridge over the Scheldt River. Audenarde, November 1918.